UNIT UT9 SHUTTLE CCTV DWG MD. 2294822-502.503.504 FMEA NO. ___2.4.3_ CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET CRETICALITY 2/2 FACLURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE CAUSE Loss of pan and till loss of travel in the pan **DESIGN FEATURES** (electrica) function). and tilt direction. The heritage for the PTU mechanisms is the designs used successfully on the lunar Rover equipment on the Apollo 15, 16, and 17 missions. PTU Worst Case: Power Supply Loss of mission All support bearings is the azimuth and elevation exes are conservatively designed Command/Clock Receivers critical video. when compared to the launch load environment. The design was prepared by a detailed finite element analysis of the structure. taking into account the derating for the fatigue cycles represented by 100 missions. A series of developmental tests were conducted to verify the analytical models for the structure and drive train analyses. Reviews were held at preliminary design and critical design review levels to evaluate the designs and test data. The PIU has been used on 24 missions at four bulkhead locations and at the AMS elbow lucation without a failure in the drive train, axis support mechanisms, or structure, The mounting provision from the PTU base to the orbiter structure and RKS arm was analyzed for morst-case landing loads and showed adequate margins. BARE BOARD DESIGN (A2) The design of the associated A2 board is constructed from laminated copper-clad epoxy glass sheets (NENA G-10) Grade FR-4), PER MIL-P-55617A. Circuit connections are made through printed traces which run from point to point on the board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular ring. The annular ring surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. This ring provides a footing for the solder, ensuring good mechanical and electrical performance. Its size and shape are governed by HIL-P-\$5640 as are trace widths, spacing and routing. These requirements are reliterated specifically in drawing notes to further assure compliance. Variations between the artwork master and the final product (due to irregularities of the etching process) are also controlled by drawing notes. This prevents making defective boards from good artwork. Holes which house no lead or terminal, but serve only to electrically interconnect the different board layers, contain stitch bars for mechanical support and increased reliability. The thru holes are drilled from a drill tape thus eliminating the possibility of human error and allowing tight control over hole and annular ring concentricity, an important reliability criterion. After drilling and etching, Ali copper cladding is tin-lead plated per MIL-SID-1495. This provides for easy and reliable soldering at the time of board assembly, even after periods of prolonged storage.

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FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Loss of pan and tilt (electrical function). PIU A2 Power Supply Command/Clock Receivers	FATLURE EFFECT ON FNO ITEM Loss of travel in the pan and tilt direction. Norst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	DESIGN FEATURES (Continued) BOARD ASSEMBLY DESIGN (A2) All components are installed in a manner which ass Component leads are pre-tinmed, allowing total wet are formed to provide stress relief and the bodies Special mounting and handling instructions are incafter final assembly. The board is coated with unhumidity and contamination. BOARD PLACEMENT The A2 board is secured in the electronics assembly copper card guides. Connections are made to the mountectors. Disengagement during launch is preventhe board's free edge.	ures maximum reliability. thog of solder joints. All leads of large components are staked. luded in each drawing required ethane which protects against y by gold—plated baryllium other board with blind—mated

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		PATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE QUALIFICATION TESTS For Qualification Test Flow, see Table 2 located at the front of this book.	

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		CRITICAL TEENS LIST	SHEET 4 OF 8
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEN	RATIONALE FOR ACCEP	TANCE
Loss of pan and tilt electrical function). Proper Supply Command/Clock Receivers	toss of travel in the pan and tilt direction. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video,	ACCEPTANCE TEST The CCTV systems' PTO is subjected directly, with be used in their normal installation, to the following the control of the subjected directly.	out vibration isolators which might owing testing: From 0.01 G ² /Hz slope Axis the temperature shall be as inment plus I hour inment plus I hour inment plus I hour condition. the front of this book. tional, a test must verify the the PHS (A7A1) panel switch, mera/PTU, to the Camera/PTU command ability to produce video, the YSU's to display video. A similar test estination and the camera under panel. e that if video on monitor is this indicates that the camera and that the camera is producing man commands and visually (mither erify operation. a under test as source. panel.

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FHEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	ONG NO. 2294822-502.503.50
CRETICALITY 2/2	_ _		SHEET <u>5</u> OF <u>B</u>
FAILURE HODE AND CAUSE Loss of pan and tilt (electrical function). PIU A2 Power Supply Command/Clock Receivers	FAILURE EFFECT ON END LIEM Loss of travel in the pan and tilt direction. Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	QA/INSPECTION Procurement Control - The PTU EEF Parts and hardware approved vendors and suppliers, which meet the require contract and Quality Plan Mork Statement (WS-2593176) review all procurement documents to establish the meet (PAL 517). Incoming Inspection and Storage - Incoming Quality in received materials and parts. Results are recorded drawing and control numbers for future reference and are subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called Inspection Test Instructions. Incoming flight parts accordance with RCA 1846684 - Preconditioning and Accepted rearts, with the exception that DPA and PIM Mechanical items are inspected per PAI 316 - Incoming mechanical items, PAI 305 - Incoming Quality Control PAI 612 - Procedure for Processing Incoming a Purchality of the State of Processing Incoming and Accepted items are delivered to Material under specified conditions until fabrication is required by the Accepted items are delivered to Material under specified conditions until fabrication is required by the operator of the State of Processing Incoming and the State of Processing Incoming and Accepted to be correct by stock room personnel, as the akit. The items are verified again by the operator checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). Occars designated for all printed circuit, wire wrap and harness connectors for suldering wiring, crimping, sworkmanship prior to coating of the component side of harnesses. Specific PIU board assembly and test instructions are applicable documents are called out in the Fabrication (FPR-2294822) and parts list Pt 2294822. These incliprocess Standard RTV-566 228081, Process Standard - Specification - Crimping 2280494, Specification - Bo Specification - Crimping 2280494, Specification - Bo Specification - Urethane coating 228047, Specification - Specification - Workmanship 8038035, Specification Bonding and Staking Parts - Proc	items are procured from smeants set forth in the CCIV. Resident DCAS personnel of for GSI on selected parts aspections are made an all sylot and retained in file by traceability. All EEE parts for in PAI 315 — Incoming are further processed in septance Requirements for Inspection Instructions for Inspection Instructions for Inspection Instruction, and seed Parts Designated for I Controlled Stores and retained irad. Non-conforming materials. (PAI 307, PAI IQC-531]. and assembly, all items are ne items are accumulated to form who assembles the kit by all with the second with the second on Procedure and Record under splices and quality for boards and sleeving of the polication 1960167, anding and Staking 2280889, Plate Application 1960167, anding and Staking 2280878, ion — locking compound 2026116, — Marking 2280876, Specification—

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FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT CAUSE ON END ITEM		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
oss of pan and tilt Loss of travel in the pan electrical function.		QA/INSPECTION	
TU 2 Power Supply Command/Clock Receivers Command/Clock Receivers Command/Clock Receivers		PTU Assembly and Tast - An open box test is performed per TP-IT-2294822, and an Acceptant Test per TP-AT-2294822, including vibration and thermal vacuum. Torques are specified an witnessed, traceability numbers are recorded and calibrated tools are chacked prior to use. RCA Quality and OCAS inspections are performed at the completion of specified FPR operations in accordance with PAI-204, PAI-205, PAI 206 and PAI 217. OCAS personnel witness PTU button-up and critical torquing. R and OCAS personnel monitor acceptance tests and review the test data/results. These personnel also inspect for conformance after all repair, rework and retest.	
		Preparation for Shipment — The PTU is packaged act 2280746, Process standard for Packaging and Handli documentation including assembly drawings, Parts (gathered and held in a documentation folder assign this folder is retained for reference. An EIOP is accordance with the requirements of MS-2593176. It crating, packaging, packing and marking, and revise accuracy.	ing guidelines. All related List, ABPL, Test Data, etc. is ned specifically to each assembly. s prepared for each PTU in RCA OC and DCAS personnel witness
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FHEA MD		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNETPEU
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Loss of pon and tilt (electrical function). PIU A2 Power Supply Command/Clock Receivers	FAILURE EFFECT (IN END ITEM Loss of trave) in the pan and tilt direction. Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	FATLURE HISTORY TOR A2548 Log #0905 S/N021-502 Decription: Flight Failure. Spacecraft Level pan during FLT of STS-11 (Ref) PV2-060939). Cause: Protruding Q1 wounting hardware on A2 through C2 on adjacent A1 Board. Q1 transist emitter junction. Corrective Action: ECN CCT 1146 was issued thardware. Q1 was replaced to addition to C2 were inspected and reworked to comply with EC	7. PTU aid not tilt and was slow to board produced short to ground or on A2 Board had open base to to change length of Q1 mounting 4 C4 on A1 board. PTUs In field

FRICALLY 2/2 FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Loss of pan and tilt (electrical function). PTU A2 Power Supply Command/Clock Receivers FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Loss of travel in the pan and tilt direction. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical videa.		SHITTLE CCTV CRITICAL LIENS LEST RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE DESIGN FEATURES Possible loss of eajor mission objectives due to inability to position camera for desired FOV. CREW ACTION If possible, continue mission using alternate visual cues. CREW JRAINING Crew should be trained to use possible alternates to CCTV. MISSION CONSTRAINT Where possible procedures should be designed so they can be accomplished without CCTV.	
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